

Code : 211101

B.Tech 1st Semester Exam., 2015

MATHEMATICS—I

Time : 3 hours

Full Marks : 70

Instructions :

- (i) The marks are indicated in the right-hand margin.
 (ii) There are **NINE** questions in this paper.
 (iii) Attempt **FIVE** questions in all.
 (iv) Question No. 1 is compulsory.

1. Answer any seven of the following questions :

2×7=14

- (a) Find the sum and product of eigenvalues of

$$A = \begin{bmatrix} 2 & 0 & 1 \\ 0 & 2 & 0 \\ 1 & 0 & 2 \end{bmatrix}$$

- (b) If
- $y = \sin^3 x$
- , then find the
- N
- th derivative (
- y_n
-).

- (c) What is the value of

$$D^n \left(\frac{1}{ax+b} \right)?$$

(2)

- (d) Define homogeneous function with an example.

- (e) Find the radius of curvature of the curve given by
- $y = e^x$
- at
- $x = 0$
- .

- (f) Write the expansion of
- $\sin n\theta$
- .

- (g) State Cayley-Hamilton theorem.

- (h) Define orthogonal and unitary matrices.

- (i) Find the order and degree of the differential equation
- $dy = (y + \sin x)dx$
- .

- (j) For what value of
- x
- , the matrix

$$\begin{bmatrix} 3-x & 2 & 2 \\ 2 & 4-x & 1 \\ -2 & -4 & -1-x \end{bmatrix}$$

is singular?

2. Verify Cayley-Hamilton theorem for the matrix

$$A = \begin{bmatrix} 2 & -1 & 2 \\ -1 & 2 & -1 \\ 1 & -1 & 2 \end{bmatrix}$$

Hence, compute A^{-1}

(3)

3. Find the characteristic equation of the matrix

$$A = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 2 & 3 \\ 2 & -1 & 4 \\ 3 & 1 & -1 \end{bmatrix}$$

Show that the equation is satisfied by A. 14

4. (a) Find the eigenvalues and eigenvectors of

$$\begin{bmatrix} -2 & 2 & -3 \\ 2 & 1 & -6 \\ -1 & -2 & 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

- (b) If λ is an eigenvalue of an orthogonal matrix, then show that $1/\lambda$ is also an eigenvalue. 7+7=14

5. (a) Evaluate

$$\int_0^{\pi} \frac{dx}{a + b \cos x}$$

where $a > 0, |b| < a$.

- (b) If $y = \sin[\log(x^2 + 2x + 1)]$, then show that

$$(1+x)^2 y_{n+2} + (2n+1)(1+x)y_{n+1} + (n^2+4)y_n = 0 \quad 7+7=14$$

6. (a) Expand $e^x \log(1-y)$ in powers of x and y up to terms of third degree.

- (b) Discuss maxima and minima of $x^3 y^2 (1-x-y)$. 7+7=14

(Turn Over)

(4)

7. Solve the following :

7+7=14

(i) $\frac{d^2 y}{dx^2} + \frac{dy}{dx} - 2y = 0$

(ii) $\frac{dy}{dx} = \frac{y+x-2}{y-x-4}$

8. (a) If $u = \log(x^3 + y^3 + z^3 - 3xyz)$, then show that

$$\left(\frac{\delta}{\delta x} + \frac{\delta}{\delta y} + \frac{\delta}{\delta z} \right)^2 u = \frac{-9}{(x+y+z)^2}$$

- (b) Trace the curve $y^2(2a-x) = x^3$. 7+7=14

9. (a) Find the dimensions of a rectangular closed box of maximum capacity whose surface is given.

- (b) Establish the relation between gamma and beta functions. Hence find the value of $\Gamma\left(\frac{1}{2}\right)$. 7+7=14